

Citizen Feedback On Working Group Recommendations About Improving Elections, Election Rules and Administration in India

Background

After the General Elections of 2019, the Election Commission of India took up the challenging task of improving elections, election rules, processes and administration across the country. It set up Working Groups headed / coordinated by senior Election Commission officials and various Chief Electoral Officers from different states who collated inputs from various sources, including best practices from other countries and have made recommendations that may change the way elections are conducted in India.

Based on these recommendations, the Commission decided to place the main recommendations of Working Groups in public domain to invite comments and suggestions on those recommendations from citizens and stakeholders.

[NextElection](#), the world's first and a Made In India pro-democracy social platform, helped take this public outreach to many Indian citizens via an [online campaign on the platform](#). During the campaign calling for citizen suggestions, NextElection received over 800 votes and comments across various recommendations.

Methodology

To make it easy for citizens to participate in this important public consultation, NextElection analyzed the recommendations and created a simple survey using its innovative SocialSurvey™ format to help citizens provide their feedback. SocialSurvey™ presents questions in a visually attractive format, optionally accompanied with an image or video. The survey questions can be taken in any order, skipped, shared and embedded. Votes are private, and the aggregate results are shown immediately.

The campaign is hosted at: <https://www.nextelection.com/featured/improving-indian-elections>

Findings

Q1: The ECI has proposed a cap on the expenditure of political parties as a multiple of number of candidates fielded in an election. Do you agree with such a proposal?

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Currently, there is no cap on the expenditure incurred for an election by political parties. There is a ceiling on the expenditure by individual candidates – this is between Rs 50-70 lakh for parliamentary polls and Rs 20-28 lakh for assembly polls. A cap on expenditure by political parties is expected to help create a level playing field.

☒ Yes, we need a cap on political party expenditure and the proposal by ECI makes sense.

59.7% votes

☐ Yes, we need a cap on political party expenditure. But a different method of calculation is needed.

32.3% votes

☐ No, no cap is needed at all

8.1% votes

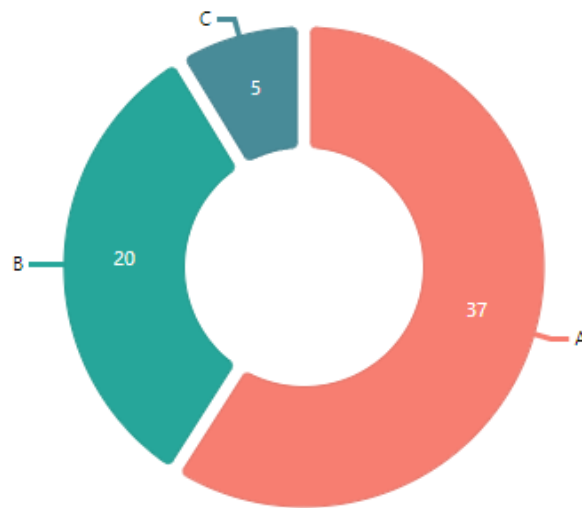
62 votes received

Poll question



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- B. Yes, we need a cap on political party expenditure. But a different method of calculation is needed.
- C. No, no cap is needed at all



Q2: Should the process of filing nomination for candidates be made online?

Should the process of filing nomination for candidates be made online?

Candidates currently need to file nomination in person before the concerned returning officer. This often leads to long queues for filing nomination and can lead to avoidable errors. The commission recommends providing an online facility for filing nominations.

☐ Yes, this option will be helpful

25.9% votes

☒ Yes, this should have been provided long ago

44.8% votes

☐ No, it will needlessly increase the burden on the system by allowing more people to file nominations

29.3% votes

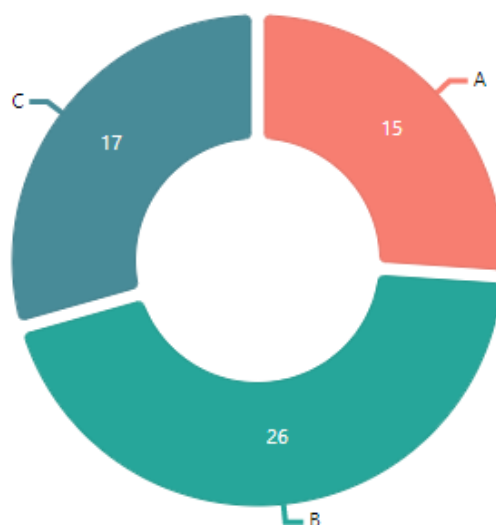
58 votes received

Poll question



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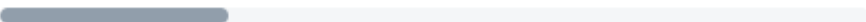
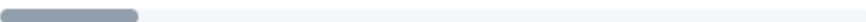
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-  C. No, it will needlessly increase the burden on the system by allowing more people to file nominations



Q3: Should Social Media platforms be prohibited from propagating any election matter during the "period of silence" under section Section 126 of the RP Act?

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This section prohibits election campaign activities through public meetings, processions, etc, and displaying of election matter by means of television and similar apparatus. This is to provide a period of tranquility (silence period) for the electors before the voting day. However Social Media is not restricted in any way, and thus this is a distortion of the level playing field.

- ☐ Yes, Social Media platforms should also be prohibited
57.9% votes 
- ☐ No, they should not be prohibited
26.3% votes 
- ☒ Prohibit WhatsApp first
15.8% votes 

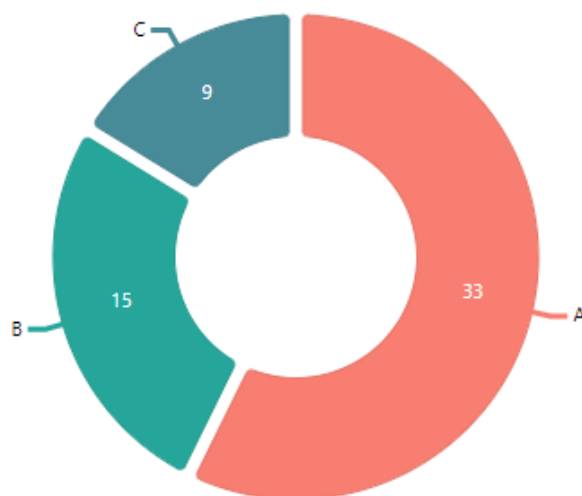
57 votes received

Poll question



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- B. No, they should not be prohibited
- C. Prohibit WhatsApp first



Q4: Should the Election Commission explore the possibility of using newer voting methods that are secure and can enhance electoral participation?

Should the Election Commission explore the possibility of using newer voting methods that are secure and can enhance electoral participation?

On an average, over 30% of voters are not able to participate in elections. eg domestic migrants who continue to remain voters at their previous locations, or college students and newly employed persons who have moved locations.



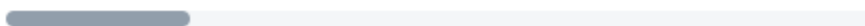
Yes, this is an important requirement

78.9% votes



No, new voting mechanisms will cause more suspicion and mistrust

21.1% votes



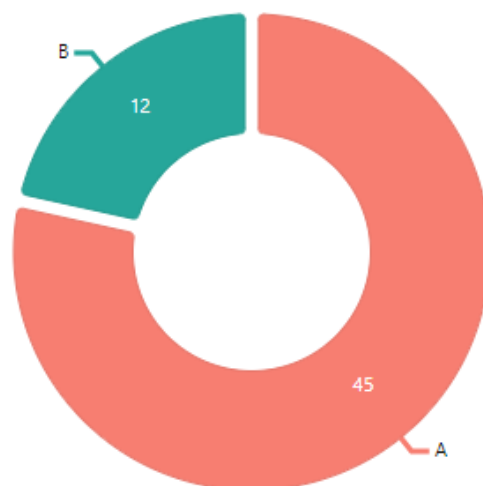
57 votes received

Poll question

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-  A. Yes, this is an important requirement
-  B. No, new voting mechanisms will cause more suspicion and mistrust



Q5: Would you like to be able to vote through your mobile phone?

Would you like to be able to vote through your mobile phone?

☐ Yes

60.7% votes

☒ No

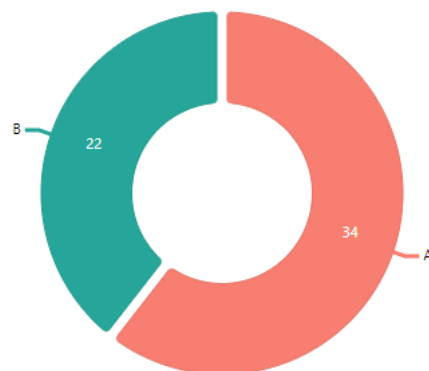
39.3% votes

56 votes received

Poll question

 NextInsights

Would you like to be able to vote through your mobile phone?



● A. Yes
● B. No

Q6: Do you have any concerns about voting using your mobile phone?

Do you have any concerns about voting using your mobile phone?

0/1000

Start typing...

Feedback from different individuals is consolidated below:

1. Smartphone voting is likely to take-off - perhaps from local polls onwards. But there will always be concerns about an electronic method of polling given the history of doubts around EVM hacking, foreign interference in alls etc. Perhaps this method needs credible alternatives for voter-verified digital receipts (VVPATs), greater transparency in voting trends, real-time updates for officials to spot any faults among other security and credibility building measures.
2. There should be some safeguard to ensure that it's the real voter who is exercising the right. This provisio can easily be exploited. Face snapshot of the person voting through mobile should be captured.
3. This provision though good can easily be exploited by unscrupulous parties/ individuals. Some very strong mechanism has to be devised to ensure that the real voter is casting the vote personally and not some one else. One way to ensure this can be the face shot of the individual to be posted at the time of casting the vote
4. The system should incorporate the safety systems which are similar to Netbanking.
5. This is of course highly concerning and should not be done. A mobile phone is not secure in any way and can be hacked.
6. There should be some strict rules and conditions must be include before voting and voter must has to follow them correctly for their own better future.
7. Hacking and false voting rather than free elections

8. 1. Fear of malpractices 2. Fear of proxy-voting
9. The only concern is the authenticity and security of votes. If mobile phones are used to vote then certain precautions have to be taken such as the trust of app, then error in identification, multiple vote casting, etc.
10. The online voting process must be a properly encrypted one as there are a number of antisocial elements in the country and even outside the country who are just waiting for such opportunities where they can inhibit the process from going on smoothly and in an unbiased manner. Also, care has to be taken that the ruling party doesn't influence the online voting process.
11. It's more of a security threat as anything that uses internet can be hacked. There is also a possibility of malwares that can be deployed in mobiles as most Indians don't fully understand to not download apps from unverified sources. This will bring a big mistrust in the system.
12. You should not be able to vote through your mobile phone. There will be a great danger, because people might find ways of hacking phones and voting instead of the owner. Even if it is well secured and people can't hack, governments or cellphone providers might do so. What's more, it will be so easy that many people will just casually vote without making their choice carefully. Some people might treat it as a video game or some such virtual reality. Now when people going to the polling booth, it is a kind of festive occasion and the election will at least be on their mind at that time. And people who don't think about elections, are not voting at all. It is true that many people are away from home and so they don't have the opportunity to vote. But it will be better to find other ways of reaching out those people.
13. Hacking, duplications..one person many phones. Server issues..and many more
14. People can force the voter to vote for a given candidate by putting pressure on the voter or can use fake identities for voting through mobile phone.
15. Fake votes might increase. There needs to be a strong, secure identification mechanism.
16. I don't think it is as secure,voters' responsible voting is doubtful because people will start taking it casually... Also it is a celebration... People should be more involved in the process.. It should bring people together... So, whatever a voter is doing.. It is important for people to take some time off from their 'personal' life.. To make them more responsible and towards the country, society and the process.and make them more involved..

-
17. Anything that connects to internet can be hacked. And then the results will come under questioning like it is right now with EVMs. BTW one thing that should be changed is postal ballot should also be there for people who go to other state for work or earning livelihood!!
 18. That my vote isn't secure.
 19. It's always better if most of election activities are done manually with utmost transparency. Any mechanised approach on voting will affect the trust of citizens among elections. It can also lead to proxy voting more conveniently.
 20. Verification of identity
 21. Just remove the EVM and find an alternative for voting in elections. Jai hind.
 22. The voting through mobile must be secured in such a way so that no Hacker can hack it it should be free of any type of security threat. As nowadays concerns of EVM hacking are more. This becomes more vulnerable when it comes to smartphone for voting
 23. Only concern gov should tackle bogus voting only genuine voter should vote
 24. No problem but it should be safe regarding your personal information.
 25. Voting through mobiles would cause a great scam and will boost in making fake votes. Hence voting in person is a good way. For migrants in other states please try making sufficient arrangements by creating special booths in their respective area and allow them to vote for registered electoral constituency. The expenditure required for this must be adjusted by reducing political campaign expenditure and adjusting further wastage of unnecessary time and money.
 26. No. Link my aadhar and mobile . Send OTP once voted aadhar and mobile should be blocked till counting is over.
 27. How do we ensure that a single person votes just once, not multiple times?
 28. I would like to be able to, but it's not going to happen. Digital voting is simple in concept, but nearly impossible to implement transparently in already corrupt and technologically challenged systems such as ours. Doing so on mobile phones with often suspicious manufacture and provably state-exploited backdoors, is even more of an issue. It is a hope, but a distant one.
 29. It will be helpful while I can vote from anywhere

30. Yes, political parties with help of goons will force people to vote. They will threaten people to show the vote. Mobile phone and devices leave track of source and hence opening up risk of getting to know who voted. Mobile phone can be hacked through malware and do false votes.
31. I am afraid, in this era of Hacking will it be possible to ensure complete security? And also the identity of the voter and his/ her choice may get leaked. Also the voter may be coerced to vote through the mobile phone., If these are taken care I think this is quite convenient.
32. Not secure. May be tampered.
33. Post voting there should be no evidence on mobile phone as to whom the vote has been cast in favour of since this may lead to harassment of voter if his candidate is not elected
34. Voter's identity should not be disclosed and secrecy should be maintained.
35. It may lead to proxy voting
36. ECI should ensure that this is not misused and voter's identity is not revealed.
37. The authenticity of the user cannot be verified easily and put into question a lot of privacy and security issues. Like my mobile number will invariably be linked to my vote. Hackers have hacked into secure credit card information. This information would be a gold mine for hackers and political parties to get their hands on it. People need to get out of their homes and participate. Another option is to have mobile voting, have the election officials go to homes where the person cannot get out to vote because of a physical disability.
38. it leads to malpractice
39. it will be convenient and helpful for those who will not be in their respective constituency to cast their vote.
40. political parties may misuse the system
41. Can be misused
42. As our mobile no. is linked to aadhar already I think there is no problem. But main area of concern is the hooliganism by many ruling parties so if people can exercise their franchise through mobile or being allowed to exercise their rights in small numbers in kiosk specially made

for vote without help from state government but with machinery of central agencies like crpf will clear this hooliganism.

43. There us questionable authenticity
44. Yes. Not every phone is a smart phone and making sure the feature is secured and reliable is the prime focus in this method. Also adequate brainstorming needs to be done with the citizens who understand this subject better before deciding anything.
45. We are still to be equipped with the requisite mechanism to secure millions of people using contemporary digital technology, and even government data hasn't remained untouched by the threats of security lapses. An Indian Election, even by today's standards, is an intricate process that takes up a huge chunk of the budget only for covering the basics. Given how easy it is to transgress fragile mobile networks, it comes a long way in deliberating if the Election Commission would be able to provide the same standards of secure voting on a mobile phone to an Indian citizen who entrusts with it his legal right to vote. I do not think the country is ready for such a progression.
46. Hackers Sharing personal data Ppl not voting themselves Systems not developed properly can lead in delay and vote sahi bande ko nhi jayega

Q7: Should there be a provision of an electronic voter ID card (e-EPIC) for voters?

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EPIC or Elector's Photo Identity Card is the physical voter I-card that each voter is provided by the Election Commission. As the world gets more digital, it is recommended that an e-version of EPIC be provided for voters for better mobility.

- ☐ Yes, I would like to get an e-EPIC
63.6% votes 
- ☐ No, there is increased possibility of misuse with this feature
9.1% votes 
- ☒ EPIC is anyway not needed now, only the EPIC number plus any other ID is enough for voting. So what would be the use of it?
27.3% votes 

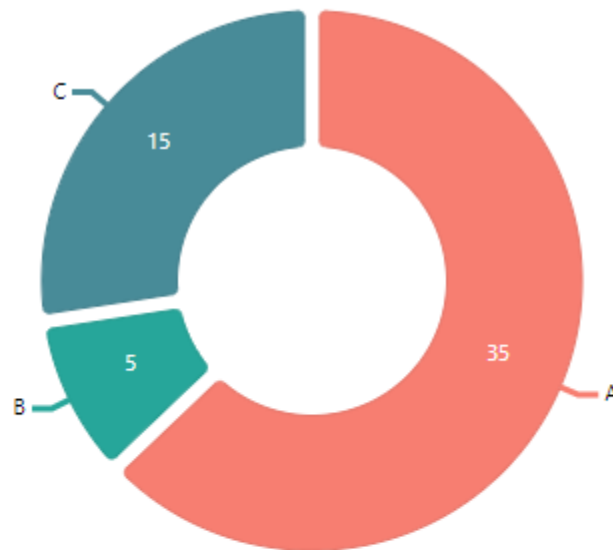
55 votes received

Poll question



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-  A. Yes, I would like to get an e-EPIC
-  B. No, there is increased possibility of misuse with this feature
-  C. EPIC is anyway not needed now, only the EPIC number plus any other ID is enough for voting. So what

Q8: Would you like to use a single simplified form for all services to voters, including registration, change of address, deletion of name etc.

Currently, there are different forms for different purposes. Eg, Form 6 for voter registration, Form 7 for deletion of name and Form 8 for change change of residence within the constituency. The work group believes this adds to the confusion and hurts the efficiency of the process.

☐ Yes

37% votes



Yes & it should be made available online

61.1% votes

☐ No

1.9% votes

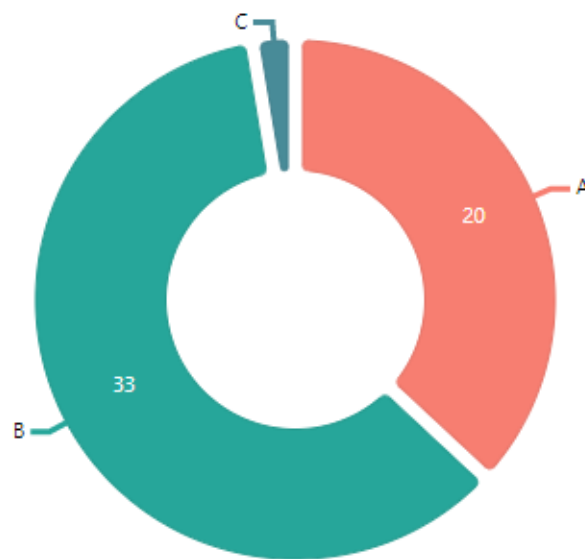
54 votes received

Poll question



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-  A. Yes
-  B. Yes & it should be made available online
-  C. No



Q9: Should a dedicated accessibility website be made for providing speedy services to persons with disabilities and senior citizens?

Should a dedicated accessibility website be made for providing speedy services to persons with disabilities and senior citizens?

The Commission already has an app for persons with disabilities, however, it is believed that a dedicated website for this will be further helpful.

☒ Yes

66.7% votes

☐ No

11.1% votes

☐ Don't we have that already?

22.2% votes

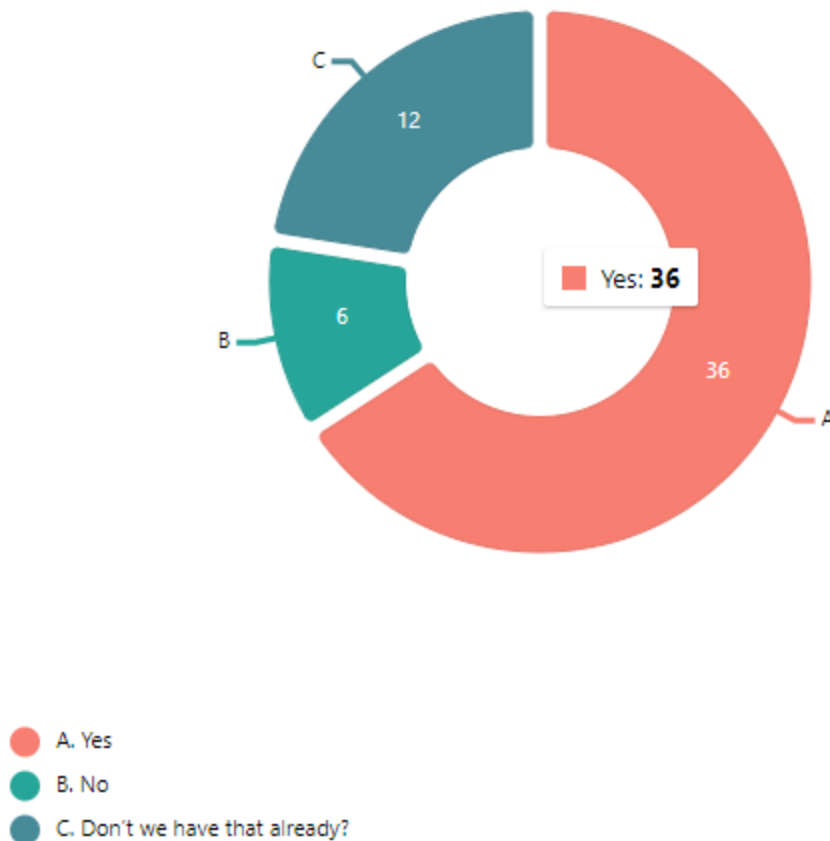
54 votes received

Poll question



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Q10: Should ECI provide door-step electoral services to persons with disability and senior citizens?

Should ECI provide door-step electoral services to persons with disability and senior citizens?

ECI is committed to its motto "No Voter to Left Behind" and wants to ensure everyone has access to voting services.

☒ Yes

71.2% votes

☐ No

15.4% votes

☐ I'm not sure

13.5% votes

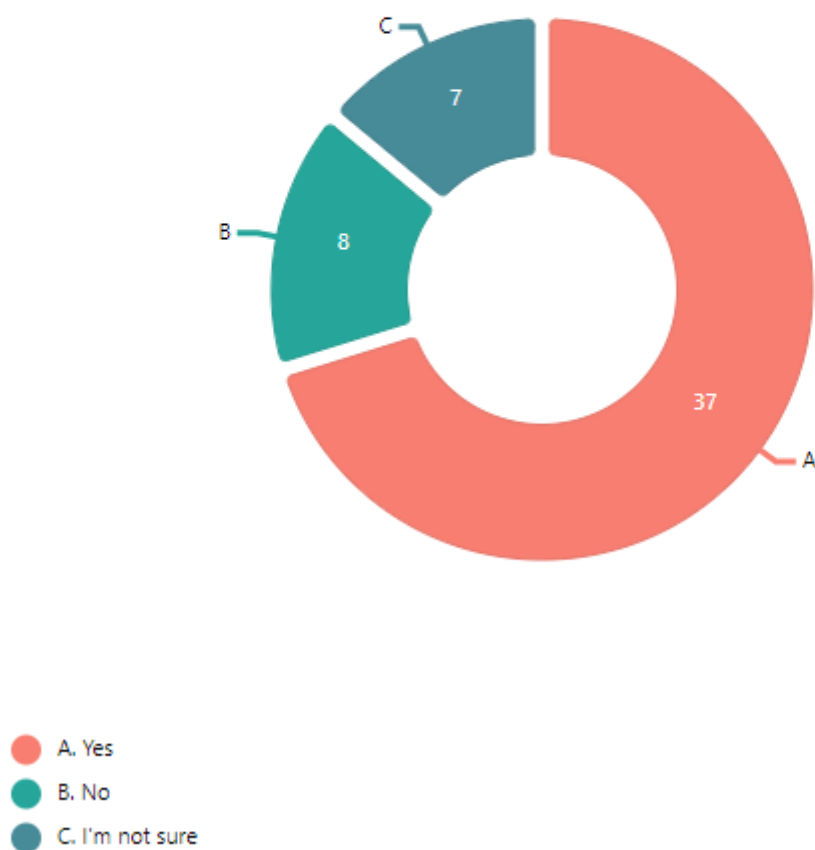
52 votes received

Poll question



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Q11: Should schools and colleges provide online registration of prospective voters at the age of 17?

Should schools and colleges provide online registration of prospective voters at the age of 17?

The working groups say that democracy requires smooth transition of young citizens into the electoral roll as soon as they become eligible to vote. A framework to facilitate the transition is thus necessary.

☐ Yes

76.9% votes

☐ No

15.4% votes

☒ I'm not sure

7.7% votes

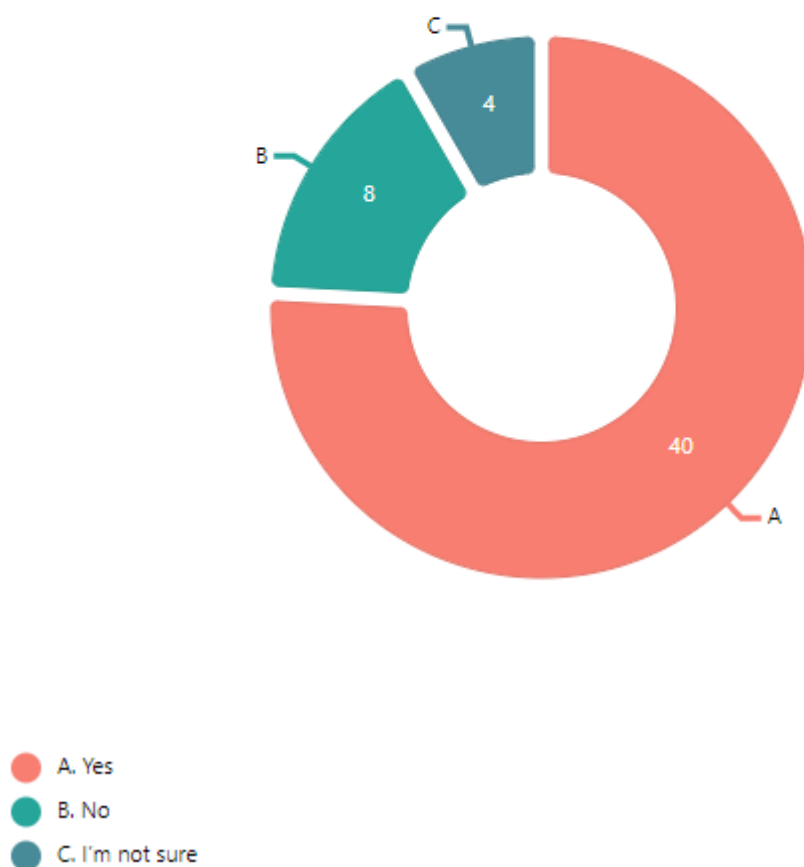
52 votes received

Poll question



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Q12: Should voter registration be integrated with citizen-facing services like DigiLocker and UMANG?

Should voter registration be integrated with citizen-facing services like DigiLocker and UMANG?

The working group believes that the integration of voter registration with citizen-facing services like DigiLocker and UMANG – that citizens use for storing documents – will help early and easy upload of necessary documents for registration.

☐ Yes

69.2% votes

☒ No

3.8% votes

☐ I'm not sure

26.9% votes

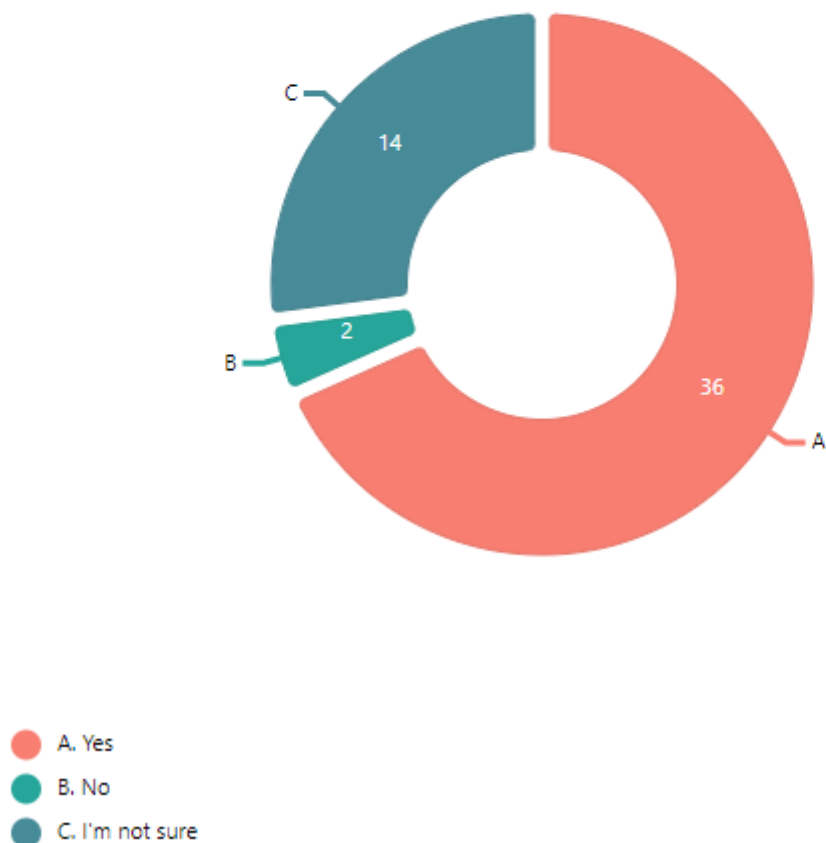
52 votes received

Poll question



Should voter registration be integrated with citizen-facing services like DigiLocker and UMANG?

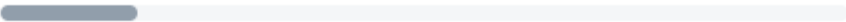
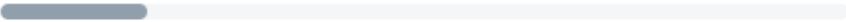
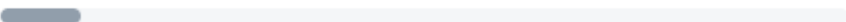
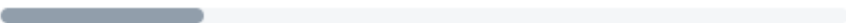
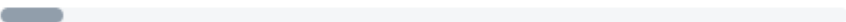
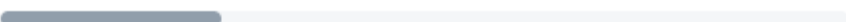
The working group believes that the integration of voter registration with citizen-facing services like DigiLocker and UMANG – that citizens use for storing documents – will help early and easy upload of necessary documents for registration.



Q13: What activities should ECI undertake for increasing electoral education and awareness? Select multiple.

What activities should ECI undertake for increasing electoral education and awareness? Select multiple.

Electoral education and awareness in a democracy is a continuing activity. It requires connect with various institutions to convey the importance of electoral education and ethical participation in the electoral process in the country. There is constant need to strengthen and strategize the process of outreach and dissemination of information.

- ☐ Setting up voter awareness forums in all Govt. and private organizations
16% votes 
- ☒ Setting up Electoral Literacy Clubs in all schools and colleges
17.3% votes 
- ☐ Setting up Chunav Pathshala in all Polling Stations, for voter awareness
9.3% votes 
- ☒ Inclusion of voter education in school curriculum
24% votes 
- ☐ Setting up regional six hubs for voter education and awareness
7.3% votes 
- ☒ Internet TV, radio, weekly programme on Doordarshan or radio, Community Radio Stations
26% votes 

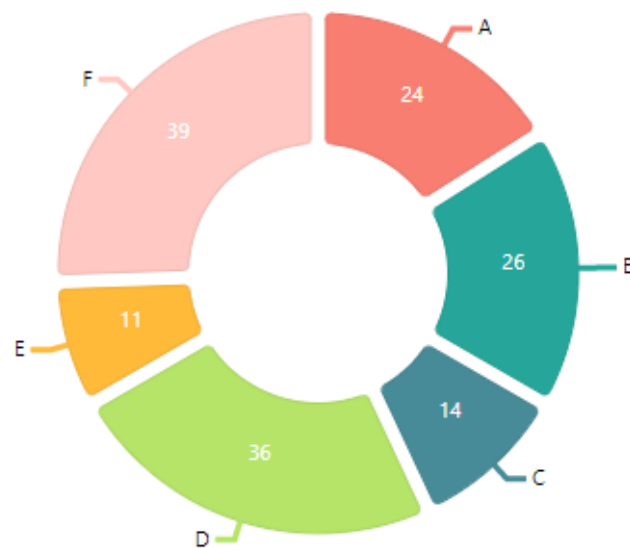
150 votes received

Poll question

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- B. Setting up Electoral Literacy Clubs in all schools and colleges
- C. Setting up Chunav Pathshala in all Polling Stations, for voter awareness
- D. Inclusion of voter education in school curriculum
- E. Setting up regional six hubs for voter education and awareness
- F. Internet TV, radio, weekly programme on Doordarshan or radio, Community Radio Stations



Q14: Would creation of a digital election calendar with all information and schedule of elections be helpful?

Would creation of a digital election calendar with all information and schedule of elections be helpful?

☐ Yes

76.6% votes

☒ No, we already get enough information on election schedule from news and social media

17% votes

☐ What does this mean?

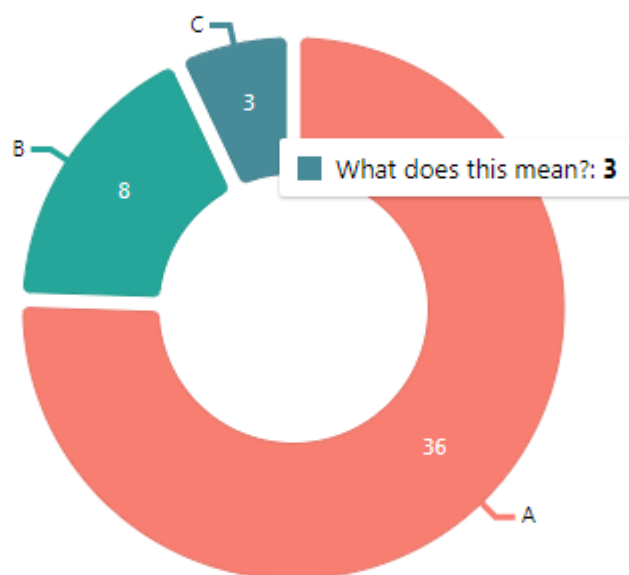
6.4% votes

47 votes received

Poll question

 NextInsights

**Would creation of a digital election calendar with all
information and schedule of elections be helpful?**



- A. Yes
- B. No, we already get enough information on election schedule from news and social media
- C. What does this mean?



Q16: Suggestions to the Election Commission of India.

Suggestions to the Election Commission of India

Do you have any feedback, suggestions or grievance for the Election Commission regarding the election process and electoral administration in India?

0/1000

Start typing...

Feedback from different individuals is consolidated below:

1. Please bring more transparency to electoral bonds.
2. Punish the political parties/ individuals who cast false and malicious aspersions on the working of ECI. Especially when they lose.
3. The Political Parties/Individuals who start casting aspersions on the ECI INTEGRITY as soon as they lose or even before the results are announced SHOULD BE PUNISHED SEVERELY.
4. The votes cast in different booths should be 'totalized' before counting, to maintain secrecy of voters in a ward.
5. There should be control on advertisement and expenditure used by political parties, for equality to each candidate.
6. The elections for Center (MP) and States (MLA) should be timed around the same time so that we can leverage the infrastructure, costs and time of electoral office. Candidates with past criminal records and with cases pending should be barred from standing for elections. Candidates above the age of 65 should be barred from elections if the votes for NOTA exceed

10% indicating that the candidates in the constituency are not worthy; re-elections with a new set of candidates should be mandated

7. Elections should be conducted for legislative assemblies of states around the same time.
8. First of all, the Election Commission must stop releasing booth-wise details. Apparently your vote is secret. But if political parties are strong in a particular area, they can ask *everyone* in a certain polling booth to vote for them. If some people don't, they can attack the whole of that region. This is happening all the time. It is true that the ECI tried to stop it, but the government vetoed it. They should make what is happening publicly known.
9. Confirmation of voter authentication is important before voting...and making voting compulsory so that voting share increases People with criminal record should be stopped from election irrespective of allegations true or false.
10. To be able to vote from a remote place as many students live in other states and have jobs in other states they cant vote.
11. Remote voting should be the biggest priority for ECI. Also, a nationwide election, i.e. both for states and central government should be conducted at the same time, if made possible logistically by way of remote voting.
12. The election process is too long.. it should be curtailed to max 1 or 2 weeks
13. Postal Ballot should be made available to people residing in a different state to earn livelihood!! Distribution of ticket before election should be stopped as it is a wastage of paper Moving digital rather than lakhs of sheets of paper having details of every voter in the booth that polling officer uses.
14. Bring back paper ballots with more transparency and security. Prepare a election calender atleast a half year before. Give 6 years disqualification for contesting in elections for disqualified MLAs and MPs. Provide polling stations in abroad with help of embassies for providing voting facilities to NRIs Make voting mandatory and ask explanations and fines if not vote since there is NOTA for those who wish to not elect any members.
15. Take down the EVM.
16. Please ensure more security of voters in vulnerable places so that no goons, terrorists,naxals can alter election results

17. Central and State elections should be together. Money will be saved for the country.
18. A minimum educational qualification should be fixed. Why an educated forced to elect a uneducated. He should be local candidate belonging to particular area. Party tickets should be allotted only to locals. Right to re call like switz constitution ours should be amended. All civil criminal case old , pending , history sheeters should be deprived of voting rights. Apart from party that candidate should submit a form supporting by 1000 for m.p. and 100 for m.l.a. so that party alone is not the deciding authority. Assets if goes up after elected his seat should be declared vacant. If a case is registered and a prima facie is their salary to be stopped till the judgement is out. Signing in lobby should be stopped. One who signed should be in. Speaker should give leave based on necessity lije sickness , death of relatives , tours etc No member should unofficially keep two wives . Source of income should be given for each purchase of members .
19. Every voter ID should linked with Adhar card, before voting ever one should go through Biometric scan .
20. Politicians should be suggested to upload the 5 year plan for their area. And this information should be made publicly available on website. This will force all candidates to think thoroughly the problems in their area
21. Please change Act so that no person with Criminal/ Anti Social antecedent can file nomination. Both General and State Elections must be conducted under Presidents Rule so that the ruling party cannot influence the election. If Election is held in the conventional way it shold be done in 6 (six) to 10(ten) phases both for National and State under complete control of Central Forces.Strict control on Money and Muscle power to be enforced any violation may lead to cancellation of candidature.
22. You over promise, under deliver, justify your apathy, tell lies, and don't care about honest feedback. Many of your grand projects fail by design. Your officers have no accountability because you reward the proven wrongdoings. Your data quality and many processes are pathetic.
23. In case of NOTA receiving maximum number of votes election should be cancelled forfeiting deposits of all candidates and fresh election ordered. Present system of declaring second highest elected will be cheating the voter.
24. Criminal and anti-social persons should be barred from standing elections. The polls of local body should be conducted under a independent body without the influence of State Government.

25. Can ECI be impartial and more transparent.
26. The process of elections seems daunting and alien to most citizens. Many people are disconnected from the process itself. The citizens need to be made aware of how deep the impact of elections have on their daily lives as the elections decide the ones who make the laws and policies. The process of funds received by political parties needs to be open and transparent. They need to be treated similar to laws that govern NGOs especially relating to compliance of financial transactions. The ECI should publish who has purchased electoral bonds of which political party.
27. need to upgrade voters id's / link this with aadhar / any doubling of voters should be automatically deleted / when voters shift their votes should also shift
28. i feel its in a good place now, still there's a lot more to improve to make it smooth
29. please link aadhar with epic .one person name should be in one assembly segment only not in multiple places link mobile no. to the epic
30. We continuously have elections and are wasting money. Hence, across India, Parliament Elections and State Elections should be done simultaneously.
31. The system should be changed from first-past-the-post to proportional representation. Shockingly unrepresentative results can be seen in the present system. For example, in 2014, the largest party bagged 51% of the seats, but it secured just 31% of the votes! The only time a party did manage to secure 50% of the votes was in 1984. That time, it won an absurdly high number of seats (76%). In 2014 the country's 3rd largest party did not win even a single seat! Proportional representation is needed for parties to get represented properly, but at the same time, individual candidates need proper representation. Specially independents. So there should be another house with indirect elections. The first level should use the first past the post system. The constituencies for these should be small enough that people can get in touch with the candidate directly. The people elected in these constituencies should elect the next level, who likewise should elect the next and so on until the top.
32. Seek feedback from all quadrants and Be open to any kind of feedback and validate what can be implemented. India implemented UID which was one of the most complex projects anywhere in the world so implementing a interesting method of State & General elections in this democracy will not be a problem if brainstormed and implemented well by being an autonomous body

Q15: Is there a need for GIS-based electoral atlas for mapping parliamentary and assembly constituencies or polling stations?

Is there a need for GIS-based electoral atlas for mapping parliamentary and assembly constituencies or polling stations?

Utilization of technology to disseminate the information about territorial boundaries of Parliamentary Constituencies, Assembly Constituencies, and Polling Stations will be useful for the public.



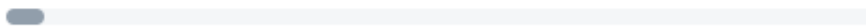
Yes

93.3% votes



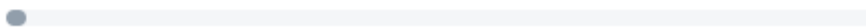
No

4.4% votes



I'm not sure

2.2% votes



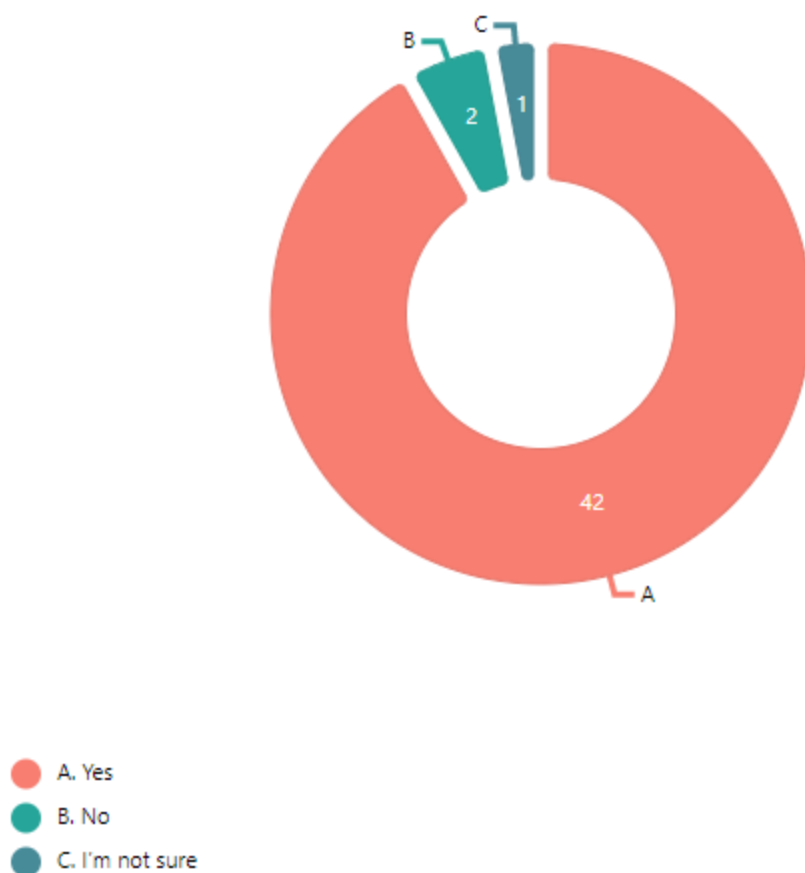
45 votes received

Poll question



**Is there a need for GIS-based electoral atlas for mapping
parliamentary and assembly constituencies or polling
stations?**

Utilization of technology to disseminate the information about territorial
boundaries of Parliamentary Constituencies, Assembly Constituencies,
and Polling Stations will be useful for the public.



Q16: Is there a need for a modern online Election Planning Portal for ECI, State/UT or district levels?

The working group also recommends building a modern online election planning portal for real-time data handling and to ease the process of designing election planners and guiding the on-ground machinery.

☒ Yes

93.3% votes

☐ No

2.2% votes

☐ I'm not sure

4.4% votes

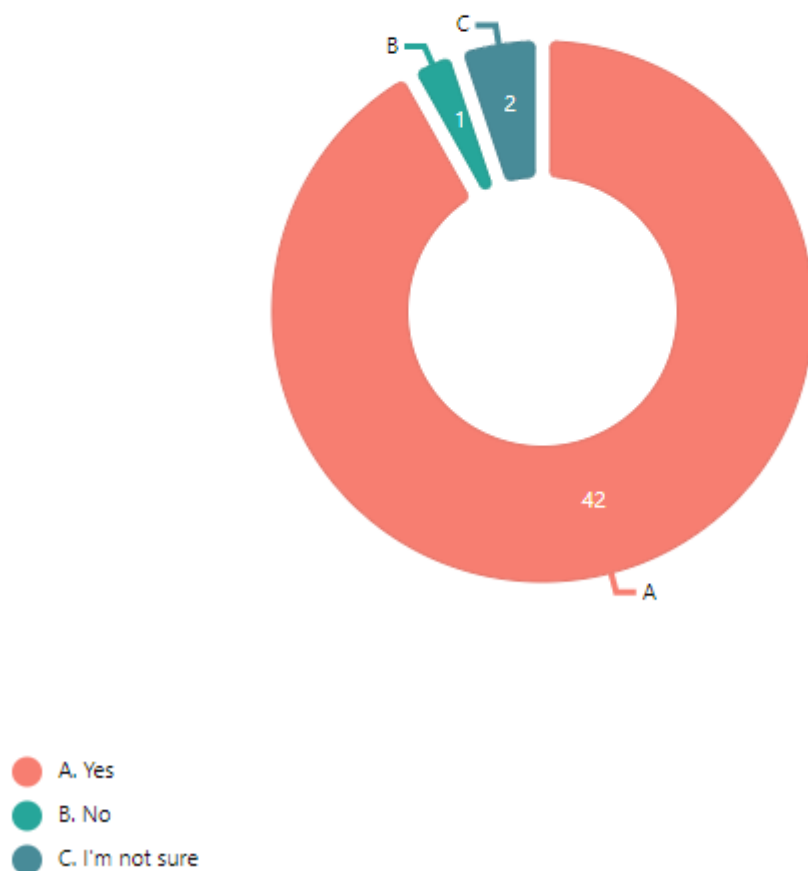
45 votes received

Poll question



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Q17: Is there a need for the Election Commission to conduct orientation programmes for media persons, political parties and civil society organisations?

Is there a need for the Election Commission to conduct orientation programmes for media persons, political parties and civil society organisations?

The Commission says that with India conducting the largest elections, the documents and processes of the Commission are always updated. Thus, there is need to have orientation programmes so that all stakeholders remain aware of the various steps taken by the Commission.

☒ Yes

90.2% votes

☐ No

7.3% votes

☐ I'm not sure

2.4% votes

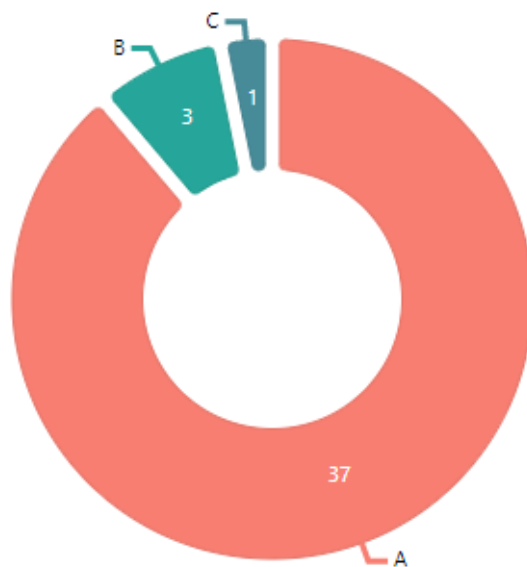
41 votes received

Poll question



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-  A. Yes
-  B. No
-  C. I'm not sure



Q18: Do you think the booth level officer (BLO) system needs to be revamped and that full-time tech savvy BLOs need to be appointed?

Do you think the booth level officer (BLO) system needs to be revamped and that full-time tech savvy BLOs need to be appointed?

Currently, BLOs are drawn from Aaganwadi and Asha workers, and from available government functionaries at the village and ward level who handle electoral services after their office hours. Calling BLOs the foot soldiers of the electoral system, the working group says there is a need to have a dedicated system of BLOs who can handle digital services.

☒ Yes

75% votes

☐ No

15% votes

☐ I'm not sure

10% votes

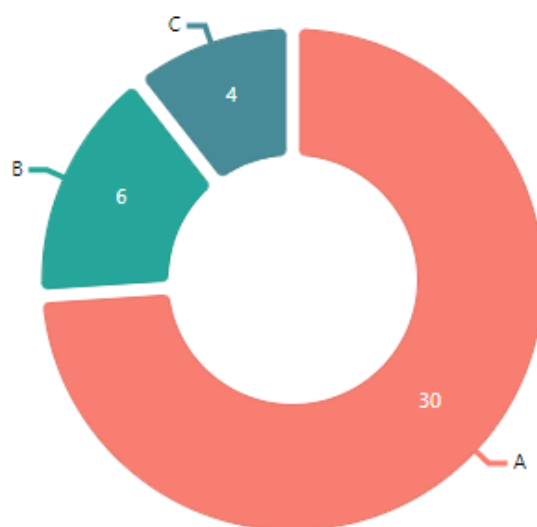
40 votes received

Poll question



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-  A. Yes
-  B. No
-  C. I'm not sure

